

**Exercise Sheet 7** due 25 June1. *anticommutators*

For the operators defined by  $c_\varphi^\dagger := \int dx \varphi(x) \hat{\Psi}^\dagger(x)$  show that  $\{c_\alpha, c_\beta^\dagger\} = \langle \alpha | \beta \rangle$ .

2. *Slater determinants*

Show that  $\langle 0 | \hat{\Psi}(x_1) \hat{\Psi}(x_2) \hat{\Psi}(x_3) c_3^\dagger c_2^\dagger c_1^\dagger | 0 \rangle = \det \begin{vmatrix} \varphi_1(x_1) & \varphi_2(x_1) & \varphi_3(x_1) \\ \varphi_1(x_2) & \varphi_2(x_2) & \varphi_3(x_2) \\ \varphi_1(x_3) & \varphi_2(x_3) & \varphi_3(x_3) \end{vmatrix}$

3. *density operator*  $\hat{n}(x) = \hat{\Psi}^\dagger(x) \hat{\Psi}(x)$ 

i. For an  $N$ -electron state with wave-function

$$\Psi(x_1, \dots, x_N) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N!}} \langle 0 | \hat{\Psi}(x_1) \dots \hat{\Psi}(x_N) | \Psi \rangle$$

show that  $n(x) = N \int dx_2 \dots dx_N |\Psi(x, x_2, \dots, x_N)|^2 = \langle \Psi | \hat{\Psi}^\dagger(x) \hat{\Psi}(x) | \Psi \rangle$ .

ii. For a Slater determinant  $\Phi_{\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_N}(x_1, \dots, x_N)$  show that the density is given by  $n_{\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_N}(x) = \langle 0 | c_{\alpha_1} \dots c_{\alpha_N} \hat{n}(x) c_{\alpha_N}^\dagger \dots c_{\alpha_1}^\dagger | 0 \rangle = \sum_n |\varphi_{\alpha_n}(x)|^2$ .

4. *non-interacting Hamiltonian*

Consider the non-interacting  $N$ -electron Hamiltonian

$$H(\vec{r}_1, \dots, \vec{r}_N) = \sum_{i=1}^N \left( -\frac{1}{2} \Delta_i + V(\vec{r}_i) \right)$$

Rewrite the Hamiltonian in second quantization using the basis of eigenfunctions

$$\left( -\frac{1}{2} \Delta + V(\vec{r}) \right) \varphi_n(\vec{r}) = \varepsilon_n \varphi_n(\vec{r})$$

Show that the eigenstates of  $\hat{H}$  are the Slater determinants  $\prod_n c_n^\dagger | 0 \rangle$  and find their eigenenergies.